



Seat No. _____

HAL-003-2043003

B. Sc. (Sem. III) (CBCS) (W.E.F. 2019)
Examination

June - 2023

CS-15 : RDBMS Using Oracle

Faculty Code : 003
Subject Code : 2043003

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ / Total Marks : **70**

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|----------|--|----------|
| 1 | (a) Objective type questions : | 4 |
| | (1) Full form of RDBMS. | |
| | (2) What is constraints ? | |
| | (3) Explain one to one relationship. | |
| | (4) Full form of DCL. | |
| | (b) Attempt the following : (any 1 out of 2) | 2 |
| | (1) List Dr. E.F. Codd rules. | |
| | (2) Explain Normalization. | |
| | (c) Attempt the following : (any 1 out of 2) | 3 |
| | (1) Explain Data types in oracle. | |
| | (2) Explain operators. | |
| | (d) Attempt the following : (any 1 out of 2) | 5 |
| | (1) Explain SQL*Plus Formatting Command. | |
| | (2) Give difference between SQL and SQL*PLUS | |
| 2 | (a) Objective type questions : | 4 |
| | (1) Explain truncate command. | |
| | (2) Explain alter command. | |
| | (3) What is use of decode () ? | |
| | (4) What is use of concat () ? | |
| | (b) Attempt the following : (any 1 out of 2) | 2 |
| | (1) Explain ROLLUP and CUBE. | |
| | (2) Explain BETWEEN operator. | |

- (c) Attempt the following : (any 1 out of 2) 3
 (1) Explain insert, update and delete command.
 (2) Explain minus, intersect, union.
- (d) Attempt the following : (any 1 out of 2) 5
 (1) What is Join ? Explain its types in detail.
 (2) Explain Date Functions (any three) with suitable example.
- 3** (a) Objective type questions : 4
 (1) What is Latches ?
 (2) What is View ?
 (3) What is use of savepoint ?
 (4) What is Transaction ?
- (b) Attempt the following : (any 1 out of 2) 2
 (1) Explain creating user and role.
 (2) Explain Snapshot.
- (c) Attempt the following : (any 1 out of 2) 3
 (1) Explain Lock Types.
 (2) Explain Synonyms.
- (d) Attempt the following : (any 1 out of 2) 5
 (1) What is Index ? Explain its types in detail.
 (2) Explain Database Links.
- 4** (a) Objective type questions : 4
 (1) What is Nested Tables ?
 (2) What is Trigger ?
 (3) List types of parameters, when you create a procedure or function.
 (4) PL/SQL _____ is a logical grouping of a related subprogram (procedure/function) into a single element.
- (b) Attempt the following : (any 1 out of 2) 2
 (1) Explain % TYPE and %ROWTYPE.
 (2) Give differentiate : SQL v/s PL/SQL.
- (c) Attempt the following : (any 1 out of 2) 3
 (1) Explain PL/SQL Block structure.
 (2) Explain varray.
- (d) Attempt the following : (any 1 out of 2) 5
 (1) Explain different Looping Statements in PL/SQL with examples.
 (2) Write a note on cursor.

5	(a) Objective type questions :	4
	(1) Full form of SGA.	
	(2) What is Import ?	
	(3) What is Tablespace?	
	(4) full form of RBS.	
(b)	Attempt the following: (any 1 out of 2)	2
	(1) Explain Opening and shutdown database.	
	(2) Explain Oracle Blocks	
(c)	Attmept the following : (any 1 out of 2)	3
	(1) Explain Scheduling Jobs with Oracle Scheduler.	
	(2) Explain Import and Export.	
(d)	Attempt the following : (any 1 out of 2)	5
	(1) Write a note on SQL*Loader.	
	(2) Explain Database Background Process.	